## Medium Term Plan Autumn 2 2017 Fairies/Dinosaurs

Area		higher		middle			lower	
Reading Phonics Comprehension  Communication & Language	Where are they?	Can recognise some alphabet letters and sounds. Beginning to hear the sound at the beginning of words. Can recognise their name in print and name the letter sounds in it. Can listen attentively to a story and make relevant comments. Beginning to recognises rhyme in spoken words.	40-60E	Can recognise some alphabet letters and sounds. Can recognise their name in print and name some of the letter sounds in it. Can listen attentively to a story and make relevant comments. Beginning to recognise rhyme in spoken words.	Can recognise some alphabet letters and sounds. Can recognise their name in print and name some of the letter sounds in it. Can listen attentively to a story and make relevant comments. Beginning to recognise rhyme in spoken words.	30-50D/S 40-60 Months	Can recognise the initial letter sound in their name. Shows some interest in stories and may listen for a short time. Shows an interest in nursery rhymes and will sometimes join in.	22-36 D/S 30/50 E

	Where do the need to be?	To clap/play 1,2, 3 & 4 syllable words. To recognise all phase 2 sounds. To consolidate hearing the sounds at the beginning of words. To segment the sounds in simple words. To blend CVC sounds together. To know which letters represent the sounds in CVC words. To recognise phase 2 high frequency words. To know that print carries meaning, and in English, is read from left to right and top to bottom. To recognise that stories have a beginning, middle and an end. To identify a full stop in print. To begin to take home readers (at appropriate level). To begin to continue a rhyming string.	40-60E 40-60D	To hear the sound at the beginning of words. To segment and say the sounds in simple words. To begin to blend vc then CVC sounds together. To know which letters represent the sounds in CVC words. To recognise some phase 2 high frequency words.	To clap/play 1,2,3 & 4 syllable words. To recognise most phase 2 sounds. To begin to hear the sound at the beginning of words. To segment and say the sounds in simple CVC words. To begin to blend vc then cvc sounds together. To begin to recognise some phase 2 high frequency words. To show an interest in the print in books and begin to know that it is read from left to right and from top to bottom. To begin to take home readers (at no word level) To say a word which rhymes with another word.  Are beginning to give		To be able to find their name in print.  To orally recognise the letter sound at the beginning of their name.  To develop listening skills when listening to a short story.  To begin to talk about the story.  To name the characters in a story.  To name and show interest in different parts of a book (front cover, back cover, burb, title, illustrustions, author, spine, title page).  To begin to recognise some phase 2 sounds and join in with the actions.  To become consistent in their understanding of syllables.  To join in with nursery rhymes and fill in the missing words.	22-36S 30-50E
Writing Phonics Composition Handwriting	where are they?	they make.  Are beginning to form recognisable letters.  Can write Christian names.	40-60E	Can give meaning to the marks that they make. Are beginning to form recognisable letters. Can write Christian names.	Are beginning to give meaning to the marks they make. Are beginning to form letters. Can make an attempt at writing Christian names.	30-50E/D/S	marks.  Are willing to join in with daily 'Let's squiggle while you wiggle' sessions.	22-36S 30-50E

Communication & Language Physical	Where do the need to be?	To consolidate writing Christian name using the correct formation of letters.  To write cvc words independently.  To begin to write a caption with support.  To consolidate the formation of letters.  To hold a pencil correctly	40-60D	To consolidate writing Christian name. To write initial letter sounds in words. To begin to write vc/ cvc words independently. To practise correct formation of letters. To hold a pencil correctly. To orally create a caption.	To write their Christian name independently. To begin to form letters correctly. To write initial letter sounds in words. To orally create a caption that can be scribed by an adult. To hold a pencil correctly	/50D/S - 40/60	To improve fine and gross motor development (Funky fingers activities & Movement group).  Are able to distinguish between the marks they make and talk about their marks.  To hold a pencil correctly.  To practise writing Christian name.	22-36 E/D/S 30-50E/D
Numbers Recognising Ordering Counting Calculating  Communication	Where are they?	Recognising most numerals to 20. Can count forwards to 20. Can order numerals to ten confidently. Can count reliably up to ten objects. Are beginning to record amounts up to 10	40-60D	Recognising most numerals to 10. Can count forwards to 20. Can order numerals to ten confidently. Can count reliably up to ten objects. Are beginning to record amounts up to 10	Recognising numerals up to ten (not consistently). Sometimes matches numeral and quantity correctly ( up to 10). Can rote count to ten. Beginning to order numerals.	30/50S 40/60E	Can say some number names in sequence. Can recognise some numerals of personal significance. Can count small amounts of objects up to 10. Are beginning to recognise numbers to 5	22-36 D/S 30-50 D/E

& Language	Where do the need to be?	To recognise all numerals to 20.  To count backwards within the number sequence 1 to 20.  To order to 10 from a given number.  To order numbers across the 10 boundary.  To say the numbers that come before and after a given number within 1-10.  To count an irregular arrangement of up to 15 objects.  Begin to estimate how many objects can be seen and to check by counting.  Find the total number of objects in two groups by counting all of them.  To record using marks they can interpret and explain.	40/60 D/ S ELG	To begin to recognise numerals to 15.  To count backwards within the number sequence 1 to 10.  To find a missing number in a number sequence from 1-10.  To order to 10 from zero.  To begin to order to 10 from a given number.  To say the numbers that come before and after a given number within 1-10.  To count an irregular arrangement of up to 10 objects.  Begin to estimate how many objects can be seen and to check by counting. Find the total number of objects in two groups by counting all of them.  To begin to record using marks they can interpret and explain.	To recognise numerals up to and including 10.  To match a numeral and quantity to ten.  To be able to rote count to twenty.  To consolidate ordering numerals up to five then ten.  To count out groups of up to ten from a larger amount.  To partition and recombine small groups of objects up to 5 (then beyond).  To practise counting amounts up to 10 and beyond.	40/60E/	To confidently count forwards accurately up to ten.  To begin to count back from five (then ten.)  To begin to recognise numerals from 1 to 10.  To count up to 10 objects by touching each object and saying one number name for each object  To make an amount up to 5 when given a number orally.  To match numeral to amount to 5 then beyond  To begin to order numerals 1-5 (then to 10)	22-36 D/S 30-50 D
Vocabulary		Number names, how many?, more, less, guess how many?, estimate, one more, one less, order, sequence, add, total, total amount, before, after, count, numeral, number line, more, less, altogether.		Number names, how many?, more, less, guess how many?, estimate, one more, one less, order, sequence, add, total, total amount, before, after, count, numeral, number line, more, less, altogether.	Number names, how many?, more, less, guess how many?, one more, one less, order, sequence, total, total amount, before, after, count, numeral, number line, more, less, altogether.		Number names, how many?, lots, sequence, total, total amount, count, numeral, number line, altogether.	

SSM Measures Shape & space Position  Communication	Where are they?	Can name simple 2D shapes. Can use positional language. Can use the language of size.  To be able to name and talk about	40/60D 40/60D	Can name simple 2D shapes. Can use positional language. Can use the language of size. To be able to name and	Can name some simple 2D shapes. Can use some positional language. Can use some language of size. To name 2D shapes (square,	30-20D/S	Can sometimes sort according to shape or size. Can sometimes use the language of size. Can name some 2D shapes  To sort 2D shapes by size, colour or shape.	22/36S 30-50E
& Language	the need to be?	the properties of simple 2D shapes To begin to recognise and name some 3D shapes (cube, pyramid, sphere, cone) To be able to use and understand postitional languge (next to, in front, behind, above, below, on, in, under, in between, over, under) To use the language of height/length. To order two or three items by length and height. To use familiar objects and common shapes to create and recreate patterns and build models. To confidently use the language of size.	40/00D	talk about the properties of simple 2D shapes To begin to recognise and name some 3D shapes (cube, pyramid, sphere, cone) To be able to use and understand postitional languge (next to, in front, behind, above, below, on, in, under, in between, over, under) To use the language of height/length. To order two or three items by length and height. To use familiar objects and common shapes to create and recreate patterns and build models. To confidently use the language of size.	circle, rectangle, triangle) To be able to talk about the properties of shapes (sides, corners, points, long, short, curved, round, flat, 2D, 3D). To be able to use and understand some positional language. To use some language of height and length. To order two items by length and height. To use and understand language of size To begin to make and talk about patterns.	30-50S 40-60E	To begin to name some 2D shapes.  To use shapes to create a pattern or picture.  To show an awareness of shapes in the environment by beginning to talk about what they see.  To use and understand specific size related vocabulary (big, small, little, tiny, huge, enormous)	22-36 D/S 30-50/D
Understanding the world		People & Communities		The World			Technology	
Communication & Language	Where are they?		Range from 40-60E to 22-36D			Range 40- 60E to	Can confidently use a range of technology.	40-60D 30-50S

	Where do the need to be?	(personal, had Halloween a experiences) extending volume To use past,	) adding detail and ocabulary. present and future rately when talking	40-60D 22-36S	To explore what happens when different colours are mixed. To talk about what they have observed happening and what they are doing.		40-60D 30-50E	To continue develop skills using a mouse.  To use algorithm programme on the ipad	40-60D 40-60S		
Expressive arts	Where are			xploring paints using freeflow ready mixed paints to create. Some paintings are recognisable.							
& design	they?		Can join in with a range	or songs					from 40- 60 E		
Communication			= 1 11					1.15.			
& Language	Where do the need to				ndependently using powder p sing a range of resources and		lack an	d white).	To 30-50E		
	be?						e tools	and techniques such as a hammer and			
Physical			nails, glue guns, saws sa								
			To introduce a storyline		g available resources and creatinto their play.	ting their own props to supp	ort roie	e piay.			
			To build up a wider rang		, ,						
				To name different musical instruments (drum, tambourine, triangle, maracas, guiro, lollipop drum, indian bells, tambour, castanets)							
PSE	Where are they?		Managing routines and boundaries but sometimes needing an adult to intervene where turn taking and sharing are needed.  Some confident speakers within the unit but others more reluctant to speak in front of others.								
	Where do		To develop skills in nego	otiation and s	solving problems and finding a	compromise without the ne	ed to ir	nvolve an adult.			
	the need to				in front of others and when sh						
	be?		To improve organisational skills, such as packing bags, collecting own coats, hanging coats up, putting on waterproofs								
Physical	Where are they?		Some children generally good at putting on their coats but many need help with fastening them.								
	Where do		To take off and put on socks and shoes .								
	the need to		Independently fasten co								
	be?		To manage putting on w	vaterproofs							